

NOTICE OF A JOINT WORKSHOP TO BE HELD BY THE MCALLEN PUBLIC UTILITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND THE MCALLEN BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

DATE:	Monday, June 10, 2024
TIME:	3:45 P.M.
PLACE:	McAllen City Hall Commission Chambers – 3 rd Floor 1300 Houston Avenue McAllen, Texas 78501

SUBJECT MATTER:

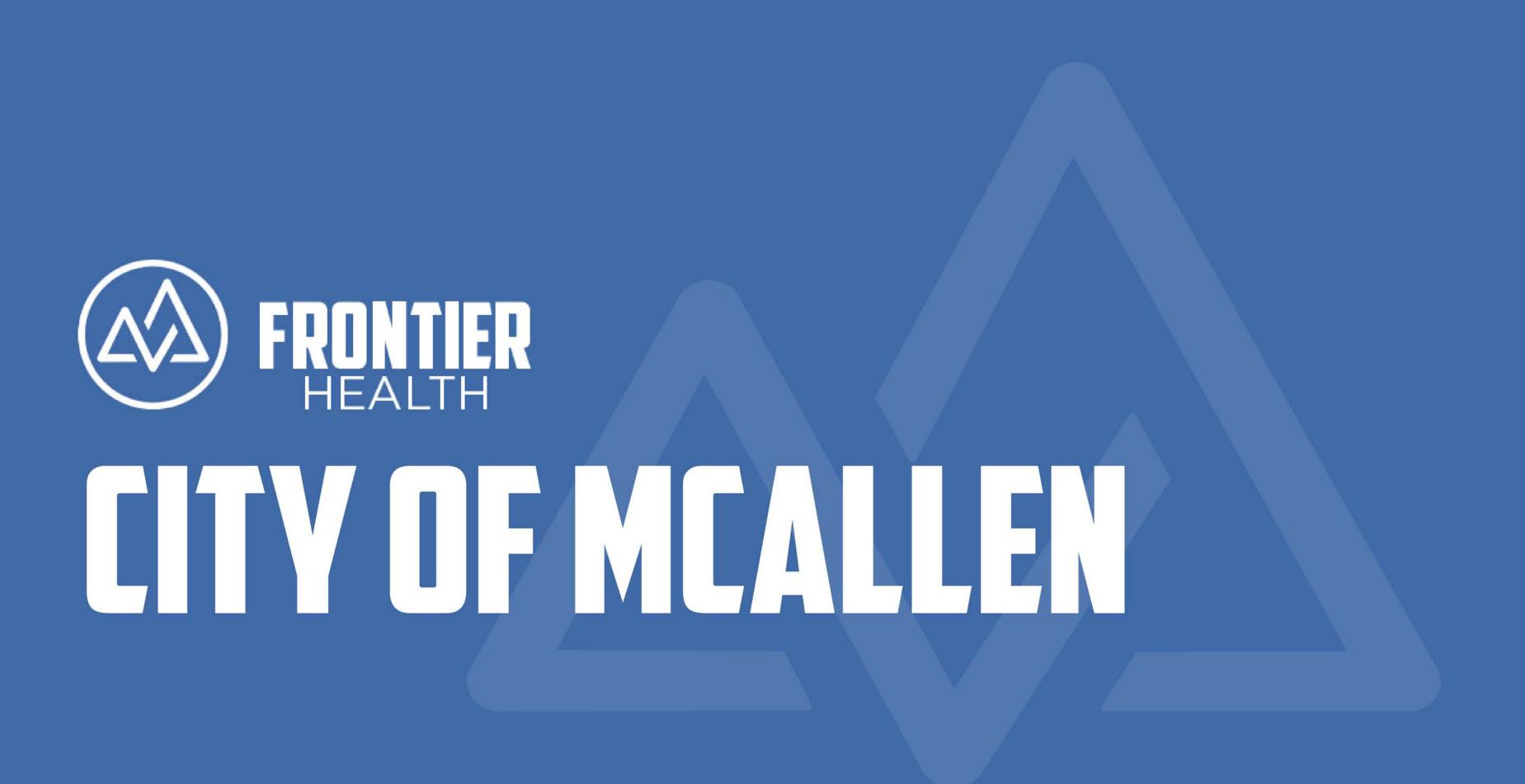
CALL TO ORDER

1. Review of the Employee Health Plan

CERTIFICATION

I, the Undersigned authority, do hereby certify that the attached agenda of meeting of the McAllen Public Utility Board of Trustees is a true and correct copy and that I posted a true and correct copy of said notice on the bulletin board in the Municipal Building, a place convenient and readily accessible to the general public at all times, and said Notice was posted on the <u>7th</u> day of <u>June, 2024</u> at <u>2:00 P.M.</u> and will remain so posted continuously for at least 72 hours preceding the scheduled time of said meeting in accordance with Chapter 551 of the Texas Government Code.

Clarissa Hernandez Utility Board Secretary



WHAT IS THE PROBLEM?

Misaligned Incentives

Destroys Customer Experience



Cost = Extract Max Dollars

- More pills, more procedures, more tests = more money
- No transparency

2024

- Bad outcomes = no consequences
- No incentive to change



Quality = Bureaucratic Control

- 3,500:1 patient to provider ratio
- Providers are controlled by the system driving more claims
- Bad outcomes = more money
- Care is reactive



System



Decreased Access

Access = Antiquated & Siloed

- Limited availability, long wait and short visits
- Limited/no access to data
- Complicated systems & antiquated tech
- No navigation or negotiation support



Decreased **Employee/Family Access Over 10 Years**





WHAT IS THE OPTIMAL STATE?

Aligned Incentives

Restores Customer Experience

Increased Access

Access = Tech Enabled

2024

- Same day availability, no wait, long visits (30min avg.)
- 100% data/price transparency
- Simple & modern tech platform
- Equal & unlimited access for all

Improve Outcomes

Quality = Human Powered

- 800:1 patient to provider ratio
- Healthcare to workers = largest and most important asset
- Good outcomes = satisfied employees.
- Care is Proactive





Net Promoter Score





Cost = Savings Focused

- Less Admissions
- Transparent pricing
- Procure Care For Less
- Each party rewarded for good outcomes



Cost of Primary Care

WHAT IS THE OPTIMAL STATE? 2024 Leading & Lagging Indicators Leading Lagging • Increase Primary Care Visits Increase Chronic Disease Engagement Increase Health Plan Utilization Decrease Need

Increase Transparency

• Decrease Emergency Room Admissions Decrease In Patient Admissions

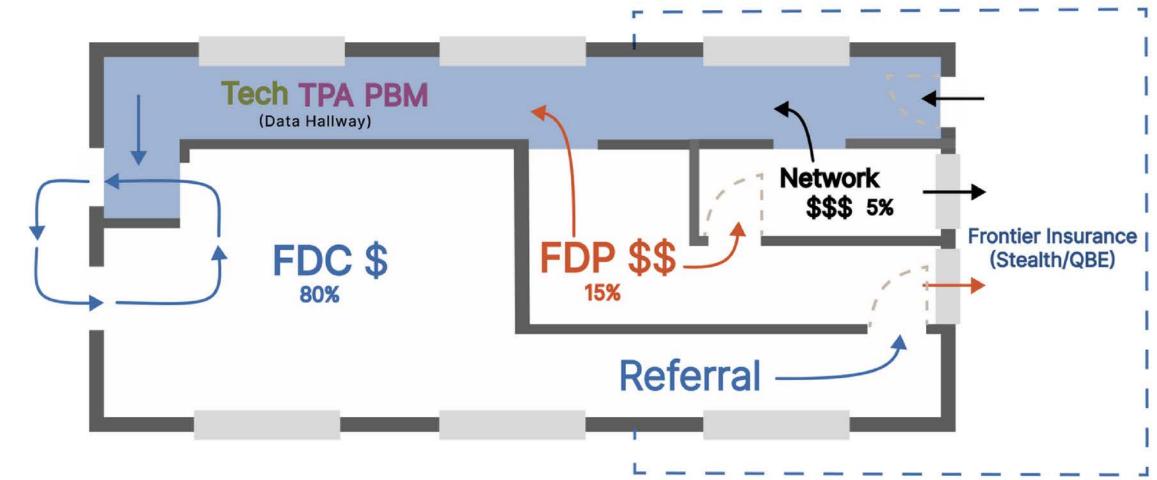
Decrease Costs

ACCES5



HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK? - Member Journey

MEMBER JOURNEY



2024

HOW DOES IT WORK?

FDC as the front door of healthcare

- Decreased Cost
- Increased Quality
- Increased Access

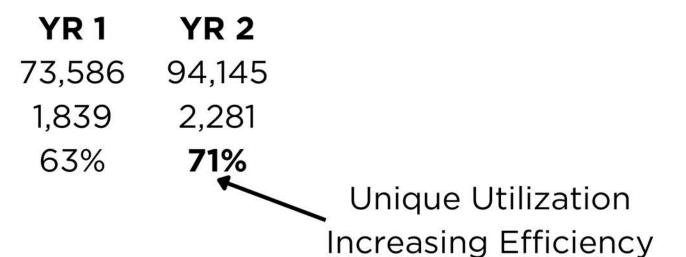
INCREASE ACCESS. ESTABLISH FRONTIER AS THE FRONT DOOR.

MEMBER JOURNEY

YRO

- 370 **TOTAL TELEMEDICINE (Calls + Texts)**
 - 370 **UNIQUE MEMBERS TELEMED**
 - 10% % MEMBERS USING TELEMED

FRONTIER IS THE FIRST CALL. FRONTIER HAS BROKEN DOWN THE BARRIER TO ACCESS.





HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK? - Employer Journey

EMPLOYER JOURNEY - DELIVERED

FRONTIER

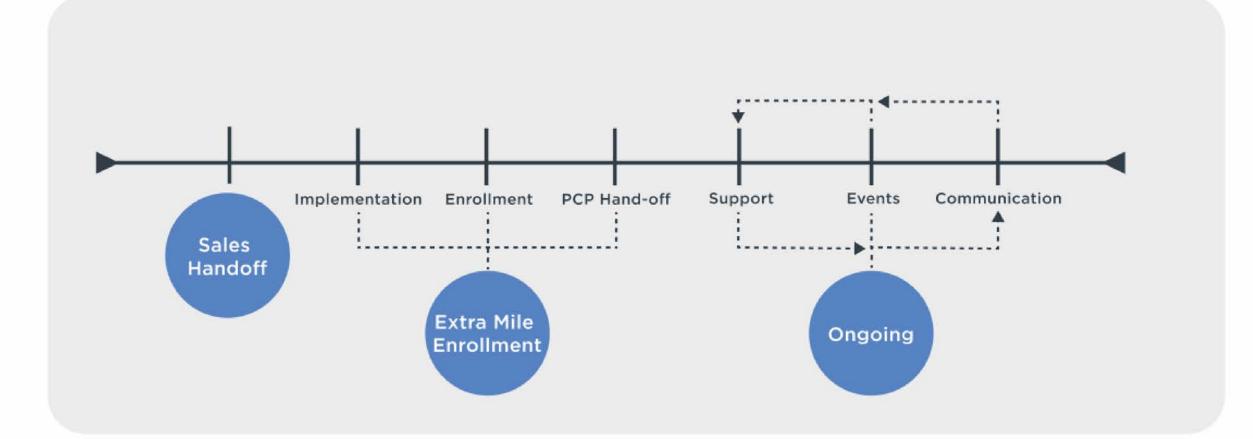
Dedicated CSM: Monthly Monitoring

2024

- Quarterly Utilization Review & Monthly Patient Campaigns
- Quarterly On-site Engagement

EMPLOYER

- Data Analysis & Reporting, Annual Planning
- Technical Integration, Resource Planning
- Pre-launch Planning, & Staff Allocation



HOW DOES FH CONNECT? EXTRA MILE ENROLLMENT:

Getting Started:

- Data Collection
- Assign Resources
- Deploy Medical Staff
- Project Plan

Acceleration:

- Weekly Stand-ups
- Tech Portal Creation
- Enrollment

- Provider Introductions

Take Off:

- Dedicated CSM
- Utilization Monitoring
- Monthly Check-ins
- Health Events

HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK? - Employer Journey

EMPLOYER JOURNEY

	YR O	YR 1	YR 2	
Total Members Enrolled	3,519	2,940	3,224	
Members w/ Apt	No Data	1,621*	1,611*	
Unique Utilization %	No Data	55%	62%	
Total Appointments	8,434	14,601	16,473	
In Person Apt	8,064	12,275	12,636	
Virtual Apt	370	2,326	3,837	•
PMPY AVG Apt	2.4	4.97	5.11	
% Increase Apt	BM	81%	104%	-

2024

FRONTIER HAS INCREASED UTILIZATION. FRONTIER HAS DELIVERED PROACTIVE CARE.

Normalizing: • 2.93% Increase in In Person Apt

> Gaining Efficiency: -64.96% Increase in Virtual Apt

Proactive Delivery

CARE DELVERY



2024 WHAT ARE THE RESULTS?

	YR O	YR 1	Y
Total Claimants	1,894	1,662	1,2
UHC Outpatient	8,064	6,253	4,9
Primary Care	5,532	3,723	2,8
💙 UHC Specialist	2,023	1,945	1,6
→ FDC Specialist	ND	505	5
OBGYN	509	435	3
FRONTIER	ND	8,348	11,
TOTAL VISITS	8,064	14,601	16,4
% Increase Apt	BM	81%	10
UHC Carve Out	BM	22%	3
% FDC vs UHC Specialist	0%	21%	3
	6 UHC Outpatient Primary Care UHC Specialist FDC Specialist OBGYN FRONTIER TOTAL VISITS % Increase Apt UHC Carve Out	 Total Claimants 1,894 UHC Outpatient 8,064 Primary Care 5,532 UHC Specialist 2,023 FDC Specialist ND OBGYN 509 FRONTIER ND S09 FRONTIER ND 8,064 % Increase Apt BM UHC Carve Out BM 	Total Claimants 1,894 1,662 UHC Outpatient 8,064 6,253 Primary Care 5,532 3,723 UHC Specialist 2,023 1,945 FDC Specialist ND 505 OBGYN 509 435 FRONTIER ND 8,348 TOTAL VISITS 8,064 14,601 % Increase Apt BM 81% UHC Carve Out BM 22%

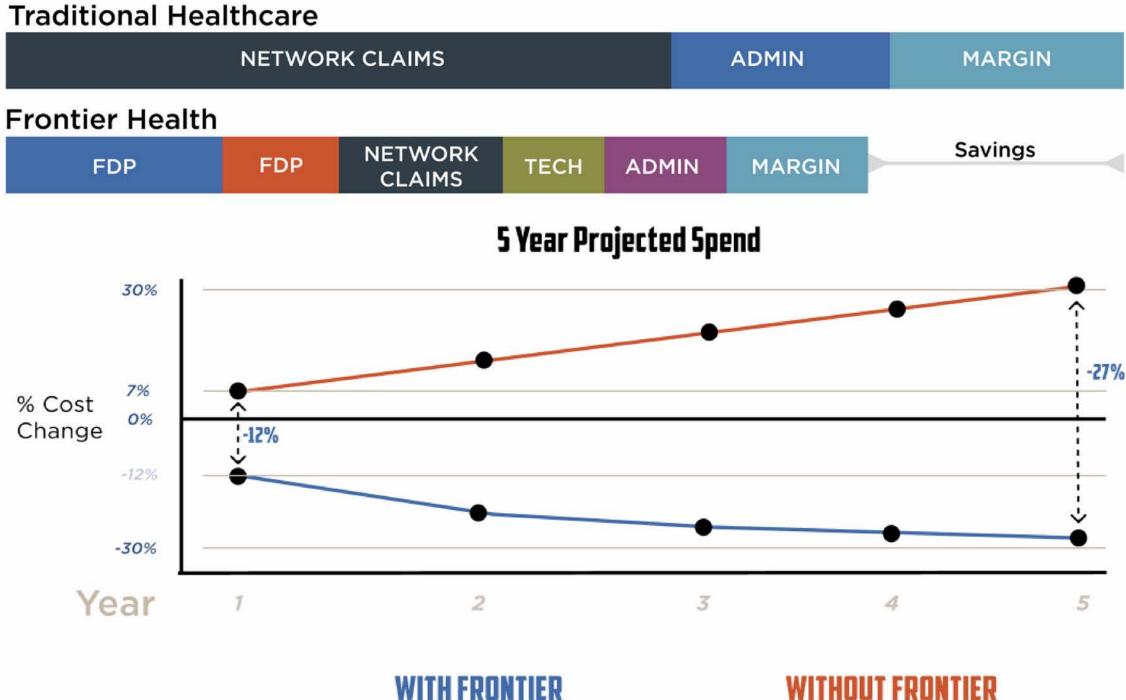
YR 2	
,262	
,912	
,884	17.65% Reduction
,6664	
837	in Network Speciialist
363	
1,561	
,473	
04%	
39%	Pogaining Control
33%	Regaining Control of the Referral.





HOW DOES IT SAVE MONEY?

Cost Breakdown:



WITH FRONTIER

GOALS:

- Improve Access
- Drive Utilization
- Improve the Customer Experience
- Improve Population Health
- Procure Care Needs for Less
- Mitigate Network Claims
- CHANGE THE MODEL
- INCREASE VALUE

HOW DOES IT SAVE MONEY?

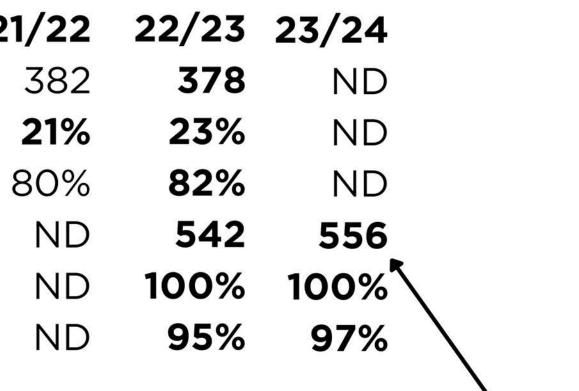
2024

Leading Indicators

Diabetics Engaged	19/20	20/21	21
UHC Identified	356	375	
UHC % Engaged	22%	21%	
UHC % Maintain / Improve	ND	81%	8
FDC Identified	ND	ND	
FDC % Engaged	ND	ND	
FDC % Maintain / Improve	ND	ND	

<u>178</u> New Pre Diabetic and Diabetic Members Engaged.

Cost drivers now being cared for. The Average Annual Cost for a Diabetic is \$12-19k (NIH.gov) 178 x \$12,000 = \$2.13M







WHAT IS FRONTIER HEALTH & HOW IS IT DIFFERENT?

WHAT IS FRONTIER HEALTH?

A **DPC** and **cash** centric insurance program for self insured employers.

WHAT ARE THE COMPONENTS?

Frontier Direct Care

- No wait times, no co-pays, no deductibles
- Custom In Person locations

Frontier Direct Pay

- Concierge navigation and negotiation
- 50% reduction in specialty spend

Frontier Admin

Fully-integrated TPA & PBM

Frontier Tech

• Powerful ROI Reporting & Live dashboards

Frontier Insurance

- Shares in risk with you
- Powered by Stealth/ Amwins

Administrative Time Clinic Wait Times Duration of Visit Office Co-pay Lab Results Delivery Time **Average Medication** Cost **ER & Urgent Care Net Promoter Score** (NPS) **Frontier Rx**

Concierge Referrals



Traditional Healthcare	Frontier Health
	Cut by 75%
3 hours	< 2 minutes
7 - 11 minutes	30 - 60 minutes
\$35 - \$100	\$0
5 - 7 days	2 days
\$30 (with co-pay)	1,000 for free (With Frontier Rx)
Up to \$5,000+ Per Claim	50% Reduction in ER/UC Visits
-3 (United Health Care)	94
×	Free
×	\checkmark



94 NPS Net Promoter Score



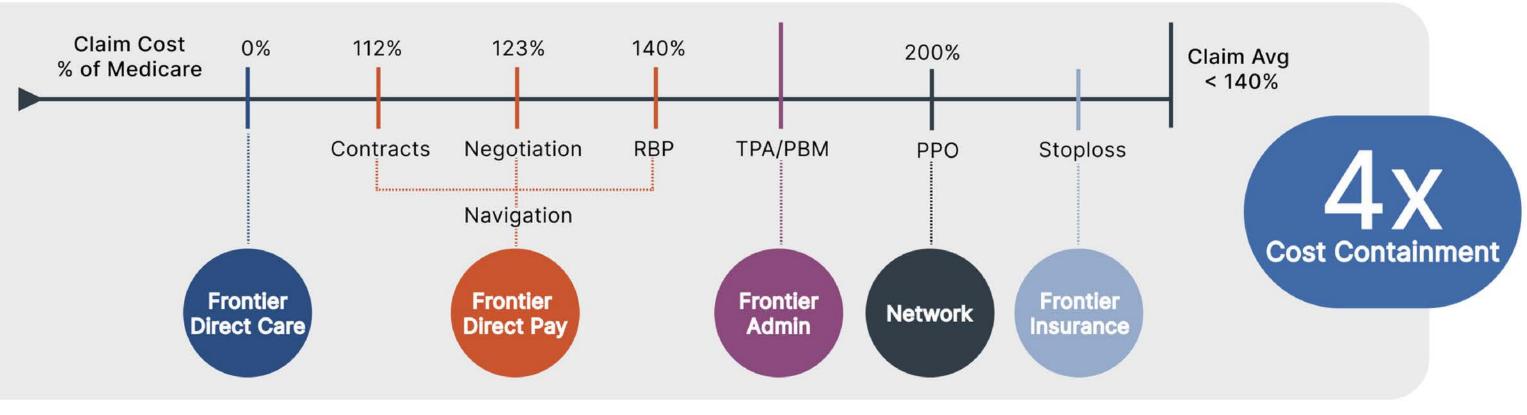
FINANCIAL MPACTS



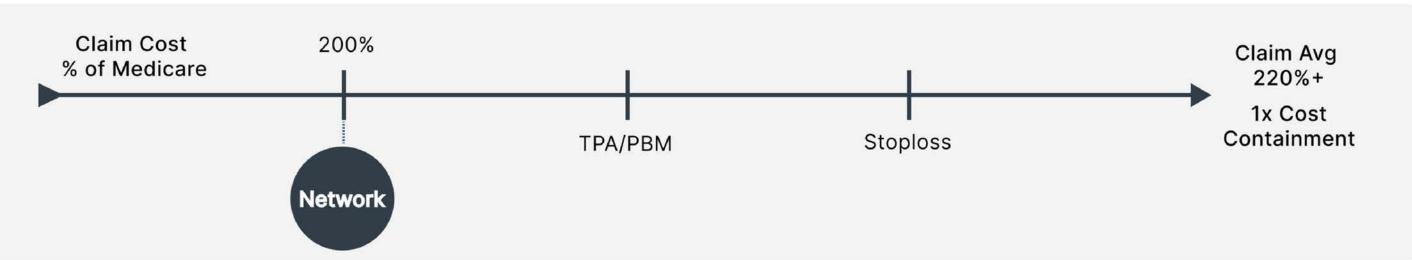
2024 HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK? - Claims Journey

CLAIMS JOURNEY

FRONTIER HEALTH PLAN



NETWORK ONLY HEALTH PLAN



HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK? - Claims Journey

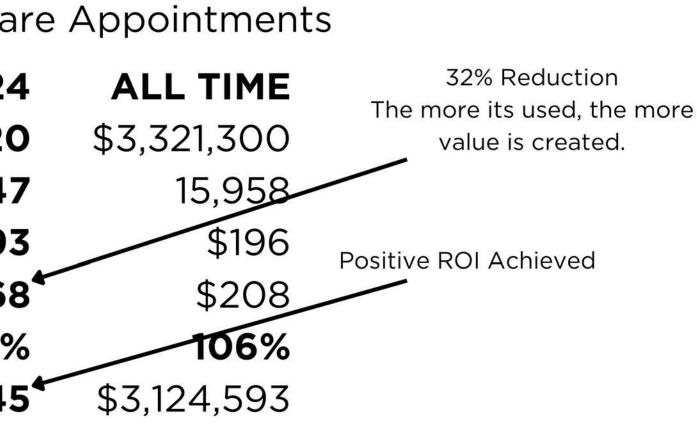
Frontier Membership as CMS Primary Care Appointments

22/23	23/24
\$2,018,080	\$1,303,220
8,211	7,747
\$198	\$193
\$245	\$168
124%	87%
\$1,632,147	\$1,492,445
	\$2,018,080 8,211 \$198 \$245 124%

2024

The City has procured Primary Care for less than the Federal Government allowable rate. National Network Rates Avg. 140-220% for Primary Care Services.

Frontier pays for itself.



WHAT IS THE OPTIMAL STATE?

2024

Leading & Lagging Indicators

Ĩ.

Leading	La
 Increase Primary Care Visits +104% Increase Chronic Disease Engagement 178 New Diabetics Engagd Increase Health Plan Utilization 71% Utilizing FDC	 Decrease -75% Decrease -81% Decrease -18% Decrease
 Veracity Analytics 	• Decrease • 87% o
 Frontier Direct Pay 	∘ 7% Re

_agging

e Emergency Room Admission Rate

e In Patient Admission Rate

e Need

e Costs of Medicare for Services eferral Rate vs 34% UHC

2024 HOW DOES FRONTIER HEALTH WORK?

104% Increase in Primary Care in ER	Membership Cost -CMS Appt Value % of Medicare	22/23 \$2,018,080 (\$1,632,147) 124%	23/24 - YTD \$1,303,220 (\$1,492,445) 87%	ALL TIME \$3,321,300 (\$3,124,593) 106%
Admission	Savings vs CMS	\$385,932	(\$189,225)	\$196,706
178 New		22/23	23/24*	ALL TIME
Diabetics 81%	Membership Cost	\$2,018,080	\$2,018,080	\$3,321,300
Engaged Decrease	UHC IP Admission Carve Out	37%	81%	
IP	Est. IP Carve Out Impact	(\$1,942,971)	(\$2,687,794)	(\$4,630,765)
Admission	UHC ER Carve Out	30%	75%	
7%	ER Carve Out Value	(\$804,151)	(\$1,268,678)	(\$2,072,829)
Frontier Referral	Savings vs. Estimated Impact	(\$730,722)	(\$1,940,072)	(\$2,670,794)
Rate 34% UHC		22/23	23/24*	ALL TIME
Referral	BM - 2021/22 Medical Claims	(\$9,891,579)	-	-
Rate	21/22 Medical Claims + 5% Trend	(\$10,386,158)	(\$10,905,466)	(\$21,291,624)
	Actual Network Medical Claims	\$8,959,850	\$8,842,227	\$17,802,076
	Network Carve Out	(\$1,426,308)	(\$2,063,239)	(\$3,489,548)

International RX & Frontier Direct Pay Totals are procured at discount and have not been factored into any figures.

- Frontier Pays for itself
- Frontier Reduces IP/ER
 Need
- Frontier Mitigates
 Downstream Costs
- Frontier Delivers a Higher Value of Primary Care









Population Health & Financial Analysis

Important Notes & Study Background



This report gives insight into the city's DPC Program performance including its influence on key performance measures and a financial summary. Future reporting will include insight into additional measures. The analysis tends to focus on Medical Spend without pharmacy because to manage most conditions you want pharmacy scripts filled and patients compliant with taking medication as prescribed. As expected, spend is higher with prescription drug claims included but the trend story does not change.

The Study Period for this report is based on incurred dates 10/1/2021 - 3/31/2024. The report years are labeled with "BY" indicating a Benefit Year rather than a calendar year (i.e., 10/1/2022 - 9/30/2023 is labeled "2023-BY"). We also included the first 6 months of the 2024 benefit year data (10/1/2023 - 3/31/2024) which is labeled "2024-YTD".

High-Cost Members are defined as those with > \$50,000 during the year.

Membership was analyzed using Member Months and cannot relate to a snapshot in time. For example, you may have had 1,000 members during a benefit year, but only 950 at the current time. Total Member Months are used to calculate Per Member Per Month rates (PMPM).

Columns often cannot be summed due to comorbidity and/or multiple risks. Totals, especially by enrollment status (Employee, Spouse, Dependent [Other]), will not match Age Gender Reports since Insured members can change enrollment status during a reporting period, and would therefore count in both (i.e., a Spouse may become an Employee).

Due to data remediation, timing issues, and claims lag some reporting may reflect revisions from previously released reports and condition reporting may differ slightly when comparing the counts and spend by conditions in each class to the All-Condition analysis. Veracity Analytics runs diagnostics on the data to remove outliers and orphans and remediate. An orphan report is available by request.



Key Highlights



Plan Medical Spend is projected to hold stable or decrease slightly by the end of the 2024 benefit year. Other evidence related to reducing risk, ER use, and managing spouses should translate into more favorable outcomes. As expected, **Plan Pharmacy Spend** was up comparing 2023-BY to 2022-BY and is projected to increase in 2024-BY. Member count was up in 2023-BY which may explain some of the spend increase for that year.

Tenure Analysis (Turnover) - Data shows that Spouse PMPM for Employees staying more than 24 months was the highest PMPM in 2023-BY and is not trending favorably in 2024, so management programs like DPC are warranted. There were 186 members in 2024-YTD who have fewer than 6 months of tenure. Of those, only 62 (about 33%) have had a visit with the DPC. Educating new members about the DPC is warranted. Of the 124 who haven't visited the DPC, only 7 have claims; one is a high-cost member.

High-Cost Members (those with > \$50k in spend during the year) - In 2023-BY there were 28 HCM* who represented 58.2% of Medical Spend (\$3.5m). In the first 6 months of 2024, there were 10 HCM representing 53% (\$1.1m) of Medical Spend, so it looks like HCM claimants and spend are decreasing, if current trends hold true. Cancer was predominant both years among conditions from claims that contributed to members being HCM. In 2024-YTD, the 10 HCM included 6 Employees, 2 Spouses, and 2 Dependents.

Core Conditions Analysis - In 2024-YTD, there were 244 members (7.6% of claimants) with one or more Core Condition who accounted for 42.4% of the Medical Spend (\$930k) and 29.8% (\$813k) of the Pharmacy Spend and an average Total PMPM of \$929. Members with Hypertension and Diabetes Type 2 represent the majority of the Medical and Pharmacy Spend among those with Core Conditions, which is not surprising since these conditions are prevalent in the United States. Those with Ischemic Heart Failure have the highest PMPM and PMPM increased for members with Asthma, Cerebrovascular Disease, Heart Failure, and Ischemic HD/CAD. In addition, 94 individuals with lab values indicative of diabetes were identified by the DPC.

If observations hold true, DPC appears to be favorably influencing (based on 2024-YTD and projections):

- Medical Spend Spend is projected to hold stable or decrease slightly by the end of the 2024 benefit year. Other evidence related to reducing risk, ER use, and managing spouses should translate into influencing more favorable outcomes. Data suggests that new member education is needed as only a third of new members (those who have fewer than 6 months of tenure) are using the DPC. Encourage members with prescriptions for medications covered by International Rx (IRX) to fill then through IRX. Members who used IRX showed a savings of \$112K when compared to members filling the same medications through OptumRx. The IRX savings compared to the estimated retail price of filled drugs is \$229K.
- Medical Events Inpatient Admits/k and ER Visits/k are down and lower than national norms.
- Risk Modification Most members have held or decreased their risk by single health risk factors (95% of members held or decreased their risk by BMI, as did 78% for Blood Pressure, 94% for Ha1c, and 86% for LDL). Experience with data analysis usually shows that risk reduction will eventually translate into more favorable PMPM trending and savings. There appears to be a solid correlation to DPC influencing these positive outcomes.



Financial Foundation



Insured Summary			
Enrollment Status	2024-YTD		
Employee	1,987		
Dependent	1,009		
Spouse	203		
Total Insured Population	3,199		
Gender Count & %			
Female	1,179		
Male	2,020		
Female	36.9%		
Male	63.1%		
Aggregate Payment Distributions			
Medical Spend	\$2,129,677		
Pharmacy Spend \$2,725,5			
Total Medical + Pharmacy	\$4,855,221		
Annual Cost Change	-26.7%		

At this point in time, **Plan Medical Spend** is projected to hold stable or decrease slightly by the end of the 2024 benefit year. Other evidence related to reducing risk, ER use, and managing spouses should translate into influencing more favorable outcomes.

As expected, Plan Pharmacy Spend was up comparing 2023-BY to 2022-BY and is projected to increase in 2024-BY.

Member count was up in 2023-BY which may explain some of the increase in spend for that year. Employee counts are based on the total Employee Member Months/12. All plans and coverage tiers are aggregated.

Future analysis will determine if current trends hold true.

Medical and Pharmacy Spend by Fund						
	2022-ВҮ		2023-BY		2024-YTD	
	Medical Plan Paid	Rx Plan Paid	Medical Plan Paid	Rx Plan Paid	Medical Plan Paid	Rx Plan Paid
Active	\$5,671,641.51	\$3,336,092.59	\$5,784,441.08	\$4,008,091.64	\$2,041,100.29	\$2,272,653.85
Retirees	\$514,285.56	\$444,617.76	\$249,738.60	\$409,845.91	\$88,577.04	\$206,462.23
Total	\$6,185,927.07	\$3,780,710.35	\$6,034,179.68	\$4,417,937.55	\$2,129,677.33	\$2,479,116.08



High-Cost Member Analysis



In 2023-BY there were 28 HCM* who represented 58.2% of Medical Spend (\$3.5m). In the first 6 months of 2024, there were 10 HCM representing 53% (\$1.1m) of Medical Spend, so it looks like HCM claimants and spend are decreasing, if current trends hold true.

Table 1 shows the conditions from claims that contributed to members being HCM; Cancer is predominant both years. In the 6month period of 2024, the 10 HCM included 6 Employees, 2 Spouses, and 2 Dependents. The members with breast cancer both had a screening mammogram. As data builds, future reporting will include information on cancer screenings for those with prostate, breast, and colorectal cancer, and how many are being supported through their DPC physician.

Table 1: High-Cost Members Primary Reason				
2023-BY	2024-YTD			
(10/1/22 – 9/30/23)	(10/1/23 – 3/31/24)			
Cancer (breast, brain, skin,	Cancer (brain, prostate,			
colorectal, kidney, lung)	endocrine, multiple sites)			
Heart disease (cardiomyopathy)	Broken arm			
End stage renal disease	Sepsis			
lleostomy (diverticulitis)	Fallopian tube inflammation			
Developmental disorder	Hernia			
Osteomyelitis, diabetes				
Multiple bone fractures				
Heart attack				
Scoliosis				

	Insured		% Insu	red	Medica	l Spend	% Medica	l Spend	PMPM (Medical)		Total Population		
	Not HCM	HCM	Not HCM	HCM	Not HCM	HCM	Not HCM	HCM	Not HCM	HCM	Insured	Medical Spend	PMPM Med
2022-BY	2,085	25	98.8%	1.2%	\$3,445,642	\$2,740,286	55.7%	44.3%	\$178.95	\$10,419.34	2,110	\$6,185,927	\$316.93
Employee	1,306	20	98.5%	1.5%	\$2,232,615	\$1,947,438	53.4%	46.6%	\$185.77	\$9,142.90	1,326	\$4,180,053	\$341.76
Dependent	618	3	99.5%	0.5%	\$859,508	\$442,443	66.0%	34.0%	\$152.04	\$17,017.05	621	\$1,301,952	\$229.26
Spouse	161	2	98.8%	1.2%	\$353,518	\$350,404	50.2%	49.8%	\$223.18	\$14,600.18	163	\$703,922	\$437.76
2023-BY	3,420	28	99.2%	0.8%	\$2,524,187	\$3,509,993	41.8%	58.2%	\$74.68	\$12,145.30	3,448	\$6,034,180	\$177.02
Employee	2,067	19	99.1%	0.9%	\$1,626,117	\$2,569,654	38.8%	61.2%	\$80.45	\$12,658.39	2,086	\$4,195,771	\$205.50
Dependent	1,126	6	99.5%	0.5%	\$634,371	\$633,739	50.0%	50.0%	\$56.09	\$10,562.32	1,132	\$1,268,110	\$111.54
Spouse	227	3	98.7%	1.3%	\$263,699	\$306,600	46.2%	53.8%	\$115.86	\$11,792.29	230	\$570,298	\$247.74
2024-YTD	3,189	10	99.7%	0.3%	\$1,001,703	\$1,127,975	47.0%	53.0%	\$41.85	\$21,691.82	3,199	\$2,129,677	\$88.79
Employee	1,981	6	99.7%	0.3%	\$624,791	\$858,524	42.1%	57.9%	\$42.52	\$33,020.15	1,987	\$1,483,315	\$100.76
Dependent	1,007	2	99.8%	0.2%	\$281,672	\$108,370	72.2%	27.8%	\$36.55	\$6,773.12	1,009	\$390,041	\$50.51
Spouse	201	2	99.0%	1.0%	\$95,240	\$161,081	37.2%	62.8%	\$62.17	\$16,108.09	203	\$256,321	\$166.23

*High-Cost Members (HCM) had claims in a benefit year ≥ \$50,000 in Medical Spend. Non-high-cost Claimants (Non-HCC) had claims < \$50k in Medical Spend during a benefit term. Percentages displayed in this table are calculated based on the row, not the column.

Core Conditions (claims based)

								Medical	Pharmacy	Med+Rx
Condition	Claimants	% Claimants	Medical \$	% Med	Rx \$	% Rx	Med+Rx\$	PMPM	PMPM	РМРМ
Asthma	11	0.3%	\$42,702	2.0%	\$16,342	1.4%	\$59,043	\$485.25	\$185.70	\$670.94
Cerebrovascular Dis	5	0.2%	\$118,122	5.5%	\$11,890	1.0%	\$130,012	\$3,474.17	\$349.71	\$3,823.88
COPD	9	0.3%	\$85,313	4.0%	\$34,626	3.0%	\$119,940	\$1,376.02	\$558.49	\$1,934.51
DM Type 1	3	0.1%	\$0	0.0%	\$16,951	1.5%	\$16,951	\$0.00	\$706.28	\$706.28
DM Type 2	73	2.3%	\$101,884	4.8%	\$431,602	37.7%	\$533,486	\$180.65	\$765.25	\$945.90
Heart Failure	6	0.2%	\$490,292	23.0%	\$33,923	3.0%	\$524,215	\$12,571.58	\$869.82	\$13,441.41
Hyperlipidemia	71	2.2%	\$22,780	1.1%	\$73,848	6.4%	\$96,628	\$41.88	\$135.75	\$177.63
Hypertension	103	3.2%	\$325,505	15.3%	\$362,289	31.6%	\$687,794	\$414.66	\$461.51	\$876.17
Ischemic HD/CAD	33	1.0%	\$356,400	16.7%	\$153,173	13.4%	\$509,573	\$1,425.60	\$612.69	\$2,038.29
Pre-Diabetes	21	0.7%	\$7,425	0.3%	\$10,514	0.5%	\$17,939	\$47.90	\$67.83	\$115.74
Has Condition	244	7.6%	\$903,199	42.4%	\$812,517	29.8%	\$1,715,715	\$489.01	\$439.91	\$928.92
No Condition	2,955	92.4%	\$1,226,479	57.6%	\$1,913,027	70.2%	\$3,139,505	\$55.40	\$86.41	\$141.82
Total	3,199	100.0%	\$2,129,677	100.0%	\$2,725,544	100.0%	\$4,855,221	\$88.79	\$113.64	\$202.43

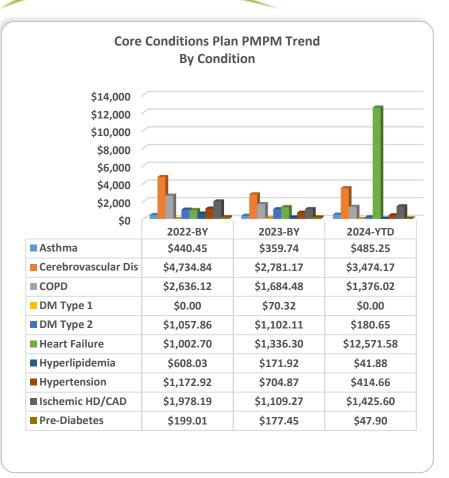
In 2024-YTD, there were 244 members (7.6% of claimants) with one or more Core Condition. These members accounted for 42.4% of the Medical Spend (\$930k) and 29.8% (\$813k) of the Pharmacy Spend. The average Total PMPM for these members was \$929. (A member may be captured in more than one condition.)

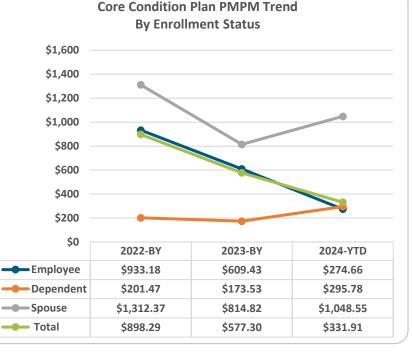
- Members with Hypertension and Diabetes Type 2 represent the majority of the Medical and Pharmacy Spend among those with Core Conditions. This is not surprising since these conditions are prevalent in the United States. Those with Ischemic Heart Failure have the highest PMPM. In addition, 94 individuals with lab values indicative of diabetes were identified by the DPC.
- Management of cardiovascular risk factors such as diet, physical activity, and not using tobacco products, along with management of Diabetes Type 2, Hypertension, and Hyperlipidemia can help lower the risk of a cardiac event. Consider campaigns related to identifying risk factors for stroke (Cerebrovascular Disease) and actions to take when signs occur to mitigate costs and improve prognosis.



Core Condition Trend by Condition & Relationship







Core PN	1PM Rate Ch	anges (S	pouse)	Core PMPM Rate Changes (Employee)				
Year	PMPM	Yr to Yr	Over SP	Year	PMPM	Yr to Yr	Over SP	
2022-BY	\$1,312.37			2022-BY	\$933.18			
2023-BY	\$814.82	-37.9%		2023-BY	\$609.43	-34.7%		
2024-YTD	\$1,048.55	28.7%	-10.1%	2024-YTD	\$274.66	-54.9%	-35.3%	

- In 2024-YTD, PMPM has increased for members with Asthma, Cerebrovascular Disease, Heart Failure, and Ischemic HD/CAD.
- In the first 6 months of 2024, PMPM was up for Spouses 28.7% but down -10.1% over the Study Period; down for Employees -54.9% and down -35.5% over the Study Period; up for Dependents.



DPC Influence on Spend



Overall, DPC appears to be favorably influencing outcomes. Plan Medical Spend is projected to hold stable or decrease slightly by the end of the 2024 benefit year. Other evidence related to reducing risk, ER use, and managing spouses should translate into influencing more favorable outcomes. The data suggests that new member education is needed as only a third of new members (those who have fewer than 6 months of tenure) are using the DPC. Encourage members with prescriptions for medications covered by International Rx (IRX) to fill then through IRX. Members who used IRX showed a savings of \$112K when compared to members filling the same medications through OptumRx. The IRX savings compared to the estimated retail price of filled drugs is \$229K.

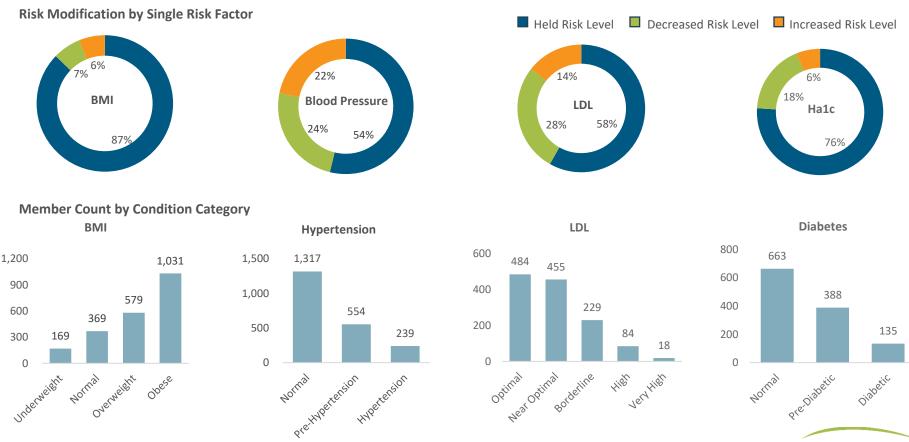
	Office Visits/Encounters	Patients	Estimated Billed Amt*					
2023-BY	12,686	1,966	\$1,515,089					
2024-YTD	8,587	1,731	\$1,025,545					
Total	Total 21,273 2,358 \$2,540,634							
*If a 99215 office visit claim had been filed with United Healthcare								

	2022-BY	2023-BY	2024-YTD	
Medical Plan Paid	\$6,185,927.07	\$6,034,179.68	\$2,129,677.33	
Rx Plan Paid	\$3,780,710.35	\$4,417,937.55	\$2,479,116.08	
Membership Fees		\$2,017,600.00	\$1,140,660.00	
Physicals		\$36,284.88		
Ancillary		\$803,991.97	\$683,035.19	
Total Spend	\$9,966,637.42	\$13,309,994.08	\$6,432,488.60	
Potential Savings from office	visits	\$1,515,088.98	\$1,025,545.41	
Savings from International R	x YTD		\$112,872.60	



Health Risk Modification by BMI & Blood Pressure

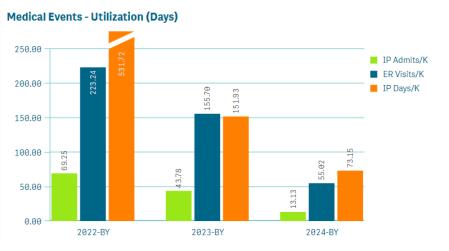
In 2024-YTD 95% of members held or decreased their risk by BMI, 78% for Blood Pressure, 94% for Ha1c, and 86% for LDL. Experience with data analysis usually shows that risk reduction will eventually translate into more favorable PMPM trending and savings. There appears to be a solid correlation to DPC influencing these positive outcomes (more detail available by request). Calculations are based on first and most recent values.



Medical Events – Utilization Rates

*

In 2024-YTD and projections for the full 2024-BY, data indicates Inpatient Admits/k and ER Visits/k will be favorable, if current trends hold true. There appears to be a correlation that DPC is influencing favorable medical event outcomes. Compared to national norms, ALOS is higher than the norm of 4.3 days, but Inpatient Admits/k is lower than the 49.4 norm, and ER Visits/k is also lower than the norm of 236.4. Calculation of Total Medical Spend because UHC did not provide Member Spend.



Medical Events - Utilization (Dollars)



Medical Events - Utilization (Days & Dollars)

Period Q	IP Admits/K	ER Visits/K	IP Days/K	IP ALOS	Avg IP Plan Med\$	Avg IP Tot Med\$	Avg ER Plan Med\$	Avg ER Tot Med\$
2022-BY	69.25	223.24	531.72	7.68	\$16,324	\$16,324	\$2,190	\$2,190
2023-BY	43.78	155.70	151.93	3.47	\$11,952	\$11,952	\$1,526	\$1,526
2024-BY	13.13	55.02	73.15	5.57	\$22,125	\$22,125	\$1,680	\$1,680

